K 3830-2000

Revision nr.2 Dated 10/11/2011 Printed on 19/12/2011 Page n. 1/6

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name

Tecno B4

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

No-silicone detaching anti-adhesive spray.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name

Full address

District and Country

ABC Tools S.p.A.

Viale Europa 68/70 20093 Cologno Monzese (MI)

Italia

tel. +39 02 2511111 fax +39 02 2538379

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

info@abctools.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

ABC Tools S.p.A. tel. +39 02 2511111 fax +39 02 2538379

For urgent inquiries refer to

2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and/or EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulationn 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Danger Symbols:

R phrases:

12

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and subsequent amendments and supplements.



EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE

R12 EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE.

KEEP CONTAINER IN A WELL-VENTILATED PLACE.

S23 DO NOT BREATHE SPRAY.

S33 TAKE PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES AGAINST STATIC DISCHARGES.

S51 USE ONLY IN WELL-VENTILATED AREAS.

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not spray on bright flame or any incandescent material.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces. No smoking.

Keep out of the reach of the children.

K 3830-2000

Revision nr.2 Dated 10/11/2011 Printed on 19/12/2011 Page n. 2 / 6

2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available.

3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification.		Conc. %.	Classification 67/548/EEC.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).		
BUTANE						
CAS.	106-97-8	40 - 50	F+ R12, Note C	Flam. Gas 1 H220, Press. Gas H280, Note C U		
EC.	203-448-7					
INDEX.	601-004-00-0					
ISOBUTA	NE					
CAS.	75-28-5	24 - 29	F+ R12, Note C	Flam. Gas 1 H220, Press. Gas H280, Note C U		
EC.	200-857-2					
INDEX.	601-004-00-0					
PROPANE						
CAS.	74-98-6	19 - 24	F+ R12	Flam. Gas 1 H220, Press. Gas H280, Note U		
EC.	200-827-9					
INDEX	601-003-00-5					

T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = Extremely Flammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

No harm to the staff authorised to use has been reported. However, in case of contact, inhalation or ingestion, the following general measures provided for a first aid shall be taken.

INHALATION: remove to open air. If respiration is difficult, administer artificial respiration and seek medical advice.

INGESTION: seek medical attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

EYES and SKIN: wash with plenty of water; if the irritation persists, seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

No episodes of damage to health ascribable to the product have been reported.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Follow doctor's orders.

5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

The extinction equipment should contain carbon dioxide, foam or chemical powders. For product leaks and spills that have not caught fire, nebulised water can be used to dispel flammable fumes and protect the individuals taking part in stemming the leak.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA WHICH SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SAFETY REASONS

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion.

Do not breathe combustion products (carbon oxide, toxic pyrolysis products, etc).

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health.

Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Hardhat with visor, fireproof clothing (fireproof jacket and trousers with ties around arms, legs and waist) work gloves (fireproof, cut proof and dielectric), self-respirator (self-protector).

K 3830-2000

Revision nr.2 Dated 10/11/2011 Printed on 19/12/2011 Page n. 3 / 6

6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. If there are no contraindications, spray solid products with water to prevent the formation of dust. Use breathing equipment if fumes or powders are released into the air. Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Do not handle damaged containers or the leaked product before donning appropriate protective gear. For information on risks for the environmental and health, respiratory tract protection, ventilation and personal protection equipment, see the other sections of this sheet.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate the sewers, surface water, ground water and neighbouring areas.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Use inert absorbent material (sand, vermiculite, diatomeous earth, Kieselguhr, etc.) to soak up leaked product. Collect the majority of the remaining material and deposit it in containers for disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges.

Do not smoke. Do not spray on flames or sparks. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapours accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring a good ventilation (draught). Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate on the floor (low layers) and catch fire even at a distance, if ignited, with the danger of backfire.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50 °C, far from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Name	Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
BUTANE	TLV-ACGIH			1000			
	OEL	IRL		600		750	
	WEL	UK		600		750	
PROPANE	TLV-ACGIH			1000			

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration or bad air vent. If such operations do not make it possible to keep the concentration of the product below the permitted workplace exposure thresholds a suitable respiratory tract protection must be used. See product label for hazard details during use. Ask your chemical substance suppliers for advice when choosing personal protection equipment. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category I (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in latex, PVC or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves` limit depends on the duration of exposure.

EYE PROTECTION

Use of protective airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166) recommended.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear an FFP3 (ref. standard EN 141) type half mask.

The use of breathing protection equipment, such as masks with organic vapour and dust/mist cartridges, is necessary in the absence of technical measures limiting worker exposure. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit

K 3830-2000

Revision nr.2 Dated 10/11/2011 Printed on 19/12/2011 Page n. 4 / 6

compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138).

9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance aerosol Colour transparent

Odour characteristic of solvent

Odour threshold. Not available.

pH. N.A.

Melting or freezing point. Not available. Boiling point. 35 Distillation range. Not available. Flash point. 0 °C. Evaporation Rate Not available. Flammability of solids and gases Not available Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Vapour pressure. Not available. > 1

Vapour density > 1 Specific gravity. 0,580 Kg/l

Solubility insoluble in water, soluble in organic solvents

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Ignition temperature. Not available. Decomposition temperature. Not available. Viscosity Not available. Reactive Properties Not available.

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 1999/13/EC): 95,00 % - 551,00 g/litre. VOC (volatile carbon): 78,24 % - 453,79 g/litre.

Pressure at 20 °C 5 bar

10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

The product may react exothermically on contact with strong oxidizing agents or reducers, strong acids or bases.

10.2. Chemical stability.

Excessively high temperatures can cause thermal decomposition.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

See paragraphy 10.1.

Aerosol containers overheated with temperatures exceeding 50 °C may deform, burst and be scattered at a long distance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid heating the product.

Keep away from oxydant agents, acid or alkaline products in order to avoid container corrosion.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

Oxidizing agents or reducers, strong acids or bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, vapours potentially dangerous to health may be released.

Toxicological information.

According to currently available data, this product has not yet produced health damages. Anyway, it must be handled according to good industrial practices.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

Proper use provided, no adverse health effects have been observed or have been come to our knowledge. Eye contact may produce an oil film over the eye-ball causing a harmless, reversible, shortlasting dimness of sight.

K 3830-2000

Revision nr.2 Dated 10/11/2011 Printed on 19/12/2011 Page n. 5 / 6

12. Ecological information.

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity.

Information not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

Information not available.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. Transport information.

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations.

These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Road and rail transport:

ADR/RID Class: 2 UN: 1950

Label: 2.1
Limited Quantity. 1 L
Tunnel restriction code. (D)
Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS



Carriage by sea (shipping):

IMO Class: 2.1 UN: 1950

 Label:
 2.1

 EMS:
 F-D, S-U

 Marine Pollutant.
 NO

 Proper Shipping Name:
 AEROSOLS



Transport by air:

IATA: 2 UN: 1950

Label: 2.1
Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS



15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category.

K 3830-2000

Revision nr.2 Dated 10/11/2011 Printed on 19/12/2011 Page n. 6 / 6

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point. 40 Contained substance.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None

Healthcare controls.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Gas 1 Flammable gas, category 1 Press. Gas Pressurised gas

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R12 EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 8. Handling Chemical Safety
- 9. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 10. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 11. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 12. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02/03/04/05/06/07/08/09/10/11/12/13/14/15/16.